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# 猪殃殃中环烯醚萜苷和蒽醌类化学成分的研究

龚 奎\*,杨守士

上海一林生物科技有限公司,上海 201202

**摘要:**采用硅胶、反相硅胶和凝胶柱色谱进行分离、纯化,研究茜草科植物猪殃殃全草甲醇洗脱部位的化学成分。化合物经质谱和核磁等波谱分析方法确定结构得到8个化合物,分别为6-O-乙酰鸡屎藤次苷(1),6 $\alpha$ -羟基京尼平苷(2),京尼平苷酸(3),6 $\beta$ -羟基京尼平苷(4),交让木苷(5),6a-甲氧基京尼平苷酸(6),去乙酰基车叶草苷酸(7),光泽汀-3-O-葡萄糖苷(8)。化合物1~6为首次从拉拉藤中分离得到,其中化合物4,6是从该属中首次分到。

**关键词:**猪殃殃;环烯醚萜苷;6-O-乙酰鸡屎藤次苷;6 $\beta$ -羟基京尼平苷;交让木苷

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## Iridoid and Anthraquinone Glycosides in *Galium aparine* L.

GONG Xi \*, YANG Shou-shi

Shanghai Yilin Biotechnology Co., Ltd., Shanghai 201202, China

**Abstract:** To study the chemical constituents in methanol fraction of *Galium aparine* L., the 75% alcohol extract of *G. aparine* were subjected to silica gel, ODS and Sephadex LH-20 column chromatography. The isolates were identified with the physicochemical properties and spectra data. Eight compounds from *G. aparine* were identified as 6-O-acetylscandoside(1), 6 $\alpha$ -hydroxy geniposide(2), geniposidic acid(3), 6 $\beta$ -hydroxy geniposide(4), daphylloside(5), 6 $\alpha$ -methoxy geniposidic acid(6), deacetylasperulosidic acid(7), lucidin-3-O-glucoside(8). Compounds 1-6 were isolated from *G. aparine* for the first time, and compounds 4 and 6 were firstly isolated from the genus *Galium*.

**Key words:** *Galium aparine*; iridoid glycoside; 6-O-acetylscandoside; 6 $\beta$ -hydroxy geniposide; daphylloside

猪殃殃,又名八仙草,拉拉藤,锯子草,小锯藤,小茜草,小飞扬藤,红丝线,血见愁,小舒筋,小血藤等,是茜草科拉拉藤属植物猪殃殃 *Galium aparine* L.的全草,广泛分布于全国各地,为田间常见杂草。猪殃殃有清热解毒,利尿通淋,消肿止痛的功效,主治痈疽肿毒,乳腺炎,阑尾炎,水肿,感冒发热,痢疾,尿路感染,尿血,牙龈出血,刀伤出血<sup>[1]</sup>。拉拉藤属植物含有活性显著的环烯醚萜、蒽醌和黄酮类成分,前期的研究中发现猪殃殃含有蒽醌、酚酸、黄酮、三萜等成分<sup>[2]</sup>,为进一步开发猪殃殃的药用价值,我们研究了该植物的化学成分,特别是甲醇洗脱部位的环烯醚萜苷等成分。从猪殃殃75%乙醇提取物的甲醇洗脱部位分离得到8个化合物,根据其理化性质和光谱数据分别鉴定为6-O-乙酰鸡屎藤次苷(1),6 $\alpha$ -羟基京尼平苷(2),京尼平苷酸(3),6 $\beta$ -羟基京尼平苷(4),交让木苷(5),6a-甲氧基京尼平苷酸(6),去乙酰基车叶草苷酸(7),光泽汀-3-O-葡萄糖苷(8)。化合物1~6为首次从拉拉藤中分离得到,其中化合物4,6是从该属中首次分到。

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## 1 仪器与材料

Agilent MSD-Trap-XCT 质谱仪; Bruker 600 MHz AVIII 核磁共振仪(TMS 为内标);薄层色谱用硅胶和柱色谱硅胶均为烟台江友化工厂产品;ODS 为 Merck 公司产品; Sephadex LH-20 为 Pharmacia 公司产品;所用试剂均为分析纯。

猪殃殃药材于2012年3月采自上海川沙郊区,经鉴定为茜草科拉拉藤属植物猪殃殃 *Galium aparine* L.的全草。

## 2 提取分离

猪殃殃药材10 kg,用75%乙醇室温下浸泡3次,每次48 h。浸提液减压浓缩得浸膏1.0 kg,以甲醇溶解,拌100~200目硅胶(2 kg),减压蒸干后上硅胶柱色谱,依次用石油醚,二氯甲烷,醋酸乙酯及

甲醇洗脱。甲醇洗脱流分(400 g)经硅胶柱色谱,用二氯甲烷:甲醇梯度洗脱(40:1~20:1~10:1~2:1~0:1),TLC检识,相同点合并,得到五个流分Fr1-Fr5。Fr4经硅胶柱色谱以二氯甲烷:甲醇(10:1~1:1)洗脱,经TLC检识,相同点合并,再经反相硅胶柱色谱,以甲醇:水(5%~100%)梯度洗脱,结合重结晶得化合物**1**(7.0 g)。Fr3经硅胶柱色谱以二氯甲烷:甲醇(20:1~3:1)洗脱,经TLC检识,相同点合并,再经反相硅胶柱(ODS)色谱,甲醇:水(5%~100%)梯度洗脱,得化合物**2**(1.0 g),化合物**3**(400 mg),化合物**4**(700 mg)。Fr2经硅胶柱色谱以二氯甲烷:甲醇(30:1~5:1)洗脱,经TLC检识,相同点合并,再经Sephadex LH-20柱色谱以甲醇洗脱得化合物**5**(40 mg),化合物**6**(1.2 g),化合物**7**(1.0 g)。Fr1经硅胶柱色谱,二氯甲烷:甲醇(40:1~10:1)洗脱,经TLC检识,相同点合并,再经Sephadex LH-20柱色谱以70%甲醇洗脱得化合物**8**(70 mg)。

### 3 结构鉴定

**化合物1** 白色结晶,Molish反应呈阳性。<sup>1</sup>H NMR(600 MHz,DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>):δ 2.03(3H,s,-COCH<sub>3</sub>),2.97(1H,dd,J=8.4,5.4 Hz,H-9),3.03(1H,td,J=9.0,5.4 Hz,H-5),3.14-3.68(6H,m,sugar H),4.66(1H,dd,J=14.4,1.2 Hz,H-10<sub>a</sub>),4.62(1H,dd,J=14.4,1.2 Hz,H-10<sub>b</sub>),4.93(1H,d,J=5.4 Hz,H-6),4.97(2H,dd,J=7.8,5.4 Hz,H-1'),5.53(1H,d,J=6.6 Hz,H-7),5.80(1H,s,H-1'),7.37(1H,d,J=1.8 Hz,H-3)。<sup>13</sup>C NMR(150 MHz,DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>):δ 93.0(C-1),150.5(C-3),106.4(C-4),37.5(C-5),85.9(C-6),128.9(C-7),144.5(C-8),45.4(C-9),62.3(C-10),171.8(C-11),171.3(COOCH<sub>3</sub>),100.3(C-1'),74.9(C-2'),79.2(C-3'),71.9(C-4'),78.4(C-5'),63.0(C-6'),22.4(COOCH<sub>3</sub>);ESI-MS:m/z 431.4[M-H]<sup>-</sup>。与文献<sup>[3]</sup>对照,鉴定为6-O-乙酰鸡屎藤次苷。

**化合物2** 白色结晶,Molish反应呈阳性。<sup>1</sup>H NMR(600 MHz,DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>):δ 2.59(1H,t,J=8.4 Hz,H-9),3.05(1H,t,J=6.0 Hz,H-5),3.25-3.42(5H,m,H-2',3',4',5',6a'),3.65(1H,dd,J=12.0,5.4 Hz,H-6b'),3.77(3H,s,OCH<sub>3</sub>),3.87(1H,m,H-6),4.24(1H,d,J=15.6 Hz,H-10<sub>a</sub>),4.48(1H,d,J=15.6 Hz,H-10<sub>b</sub>),4.74(1H,d,J=7.5 Hz,H-1'),5.08(1H,d,J=9.0 Hz,H-7),6.05

(1H,d,J=1.2 Hz,H-1),7.68(1H,s,H-3)。<sup>13</sup>C NMR(150 MHz,DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>):δ 100.1(C-1),154.0(C-3),106.9(C-4),41.3(C-5),74.0(C-6),128.4(C-7),150.1(C-8),44.5(C-9),60.3(C-10),168.0(C-11),99.1(C-1'),73.6(C-2'),77.1(C-3'),70.2(C-4'),76.4(C-5'),61.5(C-6'),50.4(OCH<sub>3</sub>);ESI-MS:m/z 427[M+Na]<sup>+</sup>。与文献<sup>[4]</sup>对照,鉴定为6α-羟基京尼平苷。

**化合物3** 白色结晶,Molish反应呈阳性。<sup>1</sup>H NMR(600 MHz,DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>):δ 2.06(1H,dd,J=15.6,5.4 Hz,H-6<sub>a</sub>),2.70(1H,dd,J=15.6,7.8 Hz,H-6<sub>b</sub>),3.00(1H,m,H-9),3.05(2H,t,J=8.4 Hz,H-5),3.13-3.67(6H,m,sugar H),3.99(1H,d,J=14.4 Hz,H-10a),4.15(1H,d,J=15.0 Hz,H-10b),4.54(1H,d,J=7.8 Hz,H-1'),5.09(1H,d,J=7.2 Hz,H-7),5.69(1H,br s,H-1'),7.41(1H,s,H-3)。<sup>13</sup>C NMR(150 MHz,DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>):δ 96.2(C-1),151.5(C-3),112.1(C-4),35.2(C-5),38.6(C-6),126.0(C-7),144.6(C-8),46.3(C-9),59.9(C-10),168.6(C-11),99.0(C-1'),73.8(C-2'),77.7(C-3'),70.4(C-4'),77.1(C-5'),61.4(C-6');ESI-MS:m/z 373.1[M-H]<sup>-</sup>。与文献<sup>[4]</sup>对照,鉴定为京尼平苷酸。

**化合物4** 白色粉末,Molish反应呈阳性。<sup>1</sup>H NMR(600 MHz,DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>):δ 3.01(1H,m,H-9),3.06(1H,m,H-5),3.78(3H,s,OCH<sub>3</sub>),3.23-3.89(6H,m,sugar H),4.21(1H,d,J=15.6 Hz,H-10<sub>a</sub>),4.36(1H,d,J=15.6 Hz,H-10<sub>b</sub>),4.57(1H,dt,J=4.2,1.8 Hz,H-6),4.7(1H,d,J=7.8 Hz,H-1'),5.22(1H,d,J=6.6 Hz,H-7),5.83(1H,m,H-1),7.54(1H,d,J=1.2 Hz,H-3)。<sup>13</sup>C NMR(150 MHz,DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>):δ 96.9(C-1),152.5(C-3),109.4(C-4),44.2(C-5),80.9(C-6),128.7(C-7),146.2(C-8),45.7(C-9),59.7(C-10),168.9(C-11),98.9(C-1'),73.4(C-2'),77.0(C-3'),70.1(C-4'),76.5(C-5'),61.3(C-6'),50.7(OCH<sub>3</sub>);ESI-MS:m/z 427[M+Na]<sup>+</sup>。与文献<sup>[4]</sup>对照,鉴定为6β-羟基京尼平苷。

**化合物5** 白色结晶,Molish反应呈阳性。<sup>1</sup>H NMR(600 MHz,DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>):δ 2.12(3H,s,CH<sub>3</sub>),2.67(1H,t,J=8.4 Hz,H-9),3.06(1H,m,H-5),3.25-3.88(6H,m,sugar H),3.4(1H,m,H-6),3.77(3H,s,OCH<sub>3</sub>),4.75(1H,d,J=7.8 Hz,H-1'),4.82

$\sim 4.84(1\text{H}, \text{m}, \text{H}-10_a)$ ,  $4.97(1\text{H}, \text{d}, J = 15.0 \text{ Hz}, \text{H}-10_b)$ ,  $5.09(1\text{H}, \text{d}, J = 9.0 \text{ Hz}, \text{H}-7)$ ,  $6.05(1\text{H}, \text{d}, J = 1.2 \text{ Hz}, \text{H}-1)$ ,  $7.68(1\text{H}, \text{d}, J = 1.2 \text{ Hz}, \text{H}-3)$ 。 $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (150 MHz, DMSO- $d_6$ ):  $\delta$  99.9 (C-1), 154.0 (C-3), 106.7 (C-4), 41.0 (C-5), 74.0 (C-6), 130.4 (C-7), 144.6 (C-8), 44.9 (C-9), 62.4 (C-10), 167.9 (C-11), 99.2 (C-1'), 73.5 (C-2'), 77.2 (C-3'), 70.2 (C-4'), 76.5 (C-5'), 61.6 (C-6'), 19.4 ( $\text{CH}_3$ ), 50.5 ( $\text{OCH}_3$ ), 171.1 ( $\text{COOCH}_3$ ) ; ESI-MS:  $m/z$  445.1 [ $\text{M}-\text{H}$ ]<sup>-</sup>。与文献<sup>[5]</sup>对照, 鉴定为交让木苷。

**化合物 6** 白色结晶, Molish 反应呈阳性。 $^1\text{H}$  NMR (600 MHz, DMSO- $d_6$ ):  $\delta$  2.94 (1H, t,  $J = 6.6 \text{ Hz}$ , H-9), 3.01 (1H, t,  $J = 8.4 \text{ Hz}$ , H-5), 3.14 (3H, s,  $\text{OCH}_3$ ), 3.18-3.65 (6H, s, sugar H), 4.01 (1H, d,  $J = 16.2 \text{ Hz}$ , H-10<sub>a</sub>), 4.26 (1H, d,  $J = 5.4 \text{ Hz}$ , H-6), 4.29 (1H, d,  $J = 16.2 \text{ Hz}$ , H-10<sub>b</sub>), 4.58 (1H, d,  $J = 7.8 \text{ Hz}$ , H-1'), 4.81 (1H, d,  $J = 8.4 \text{ Hz}$ , H-7), 6.09 (1H, s, H-1), 7.5 (1H, br. s, H-3)。 $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (150 MHz, DMSO- $d_6$ ):  $\delta$  99.3 (C-1), 153.0 (C-3), 108.1 (C-4), 41.0 (C-5), 83.5 (C-6), 126.2 (C-7), 152.4 (C-8), 45.1 (C-9), 60.3 (C-10), 168.5 (C-11), 100.0 (C-1'), 73.9 (C-2'), 77.5 (C-3'), 70.3 (C-4'), 77.0 (C-5'), 61.2 (C-6'), 56.8 ( $\text{OCH}_3$ ) ; ESI-MS:  $m/z$  403.1 [ $\text{M}-\text{H}$ ]<sup>-</sup>。与文献<sup>[6]</sup>对照, 鉴定为6 $\alpha$ -甲氧基京尼平苷酸。

**化合物 7** 白色结晶, Molish 反应呈阳性。 $^1\text{H}$  NMR (600 MHz, DMSO- $d_6$ ):  $\delta$  2.98 (1H, t,  $J = 7.8 \text{ Hz}$ , H-9), 3.05 (1H, m, H-5), 3.12 (1H, m, H-6), 3.15-3.67 (6H, m, sugar H), 4.00 (1H, d,  $J = 15.0 \text{ Hz}$ , H-10<sub>a</sub>), 4.13 (1H, d,  $J = 15.0 \text{ Hz}$ , H-10<sub>b</sub>), 4.50 (1H, d,  $J = 7.8 \text{ Hz}$ , H-1'), 5.18 (1H, d,  $J = 5.4 \text{ Hz}$ , H-7), 5.68 (1H, s, H-1), 7.39 (1H, s, H-3)。 $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (150 MHz, DMSO- $d_6$ ):  $\delta$  95.8 (C-1), 151.9 (C-3), 110.3 (C-4), 43.9 (C-5), 80.0 (C-6), 129.2 (C-7), 146.2 (C-8), 46.1 (C-9), 59.5 (C-10), 169.5 (C-11), 98.7 (C-1'), 73.7 (C-2'), 77.7 (C-3'), 70.4 (C-4'), 77.1 (C-5'), 61.5 (C-6') ; ESI-MS:  $m/z$  389.3 [ $\text{M}-\text{H}$ ]<sup>-</sup>。与文献<sup>[7]</sup>对照, 鉴定为去乙酰基车叶草苷酸。

**化合物 8** 黄色粉末, Molish 反应呈阳性。 $^1\text{H}$  NMR (600 MHz, DMSO- $d_6$ ):  $\delta$  3.27-4.57 (6H, m, sugar H), 3.57 (1H, dt,  $J = 11.4 \text{ Hz}$ , 5.4 Hz, - $\text{CH}_2\text{OH}$ ), 4.57 (1H, dd,  $J = 11.4 \text{ Hz}$ , 4.8 Hz, - $\text{CH}_2\text{OH}$ ), 5.12 (1H, d,  $J = 7.2 \text{ Hz}$ , H-1'), 7.47 (1H, s, H-4), 7.93 (2H, m, H-6, 7), 8.17 (1H, dd,  $J = 6.0, 3.0 \text{ Hz}$ , H-5), 8.22 (1H, dd,  $J = 6.0, 3.0 \text{ Hz}$ , H-8), 13.03 (1H, br s, 1-OH)。 $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (150 MHz, DMSO- $d_6$ ):  $\delta$  162.5 (C-1), 124.1 (C-2), 162.4 (C-3), 106.8 (C-4), 135.4 (C-4<sub>a</sub>), 127.4 (C-5), 133.3 (C-6), 133.3 (C-7), 127.0 (C-8), 133.2 (C-8<sub>a</sub>), 187.6 (C-9), 111.8 (C-9<sub>a</sub>), 181.9 (C-10), 134.2 (C-10<sub>a</sub>), 101.3 (C-1'), 73.8 (C-2'), 77.8 (C-3'), 69.9 (C-4'), 76.5 (C-5'), 60.9 (C-6'), 51.4 ( $\text{CH}_2\text{OH}$ ) ; ESI-MS:  $m/z$  431.1 [ $\text{M}-\text{H}$ ]<sup>-</sup>。与文献<sup>[8]</sup>对照, 鉴定为光泽汀-3-O-葡萄糖苷。

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